THE
Boston-
AND
COUNTRY
Gazette,
JOURNAL.

No. 365

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, November 4, 1771.

By the Lizard Man of War we have the public Prints ſeven Days later than thoſe by Capt. Bruce: From them the following Articles are extracted, viz.

St. JAMES's, Auguſt 31.

YEſterday His Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to inveſt Colonel Eyre Coote with the Enſigns of the moſt honourable Military Order of the Bath.

St. James's, Sept. 7. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Charles Murray, Eſq; to be Agent and Conſul General in the Iſlands of Madeiras, on the Reſignation of Tho. Cheap, Eſq;

Major-General Mackay to be Governor of Tinmouth and Clifford's Fort.—Vincent Cunningham, Eſq; to be Fort Major of Plymouth Garriſon.—Benjamin Bernard Eſq; to be Lieut. Colonel, Henry Blunt, Major, Edward Evans & John Jennings, Captains, in the 23d Regiment.

Leghorn, Aug. 14. Letters received here from the Levant import, that General Count Alexiowitz Orlow, two Days after his Arrival at Paros, gave Orders that both the Ruſſian Land and Sea Forces in the Archipelago ſhould be got together, in order to execute ſome important Enterprize; that the Ruſſian Fleet had already put to flight the Turkiſh Squadron in the Black Sea; that the former approaches nearer and nearer to the Canal of Conſtantinople; and that the Squadron of Vice Admiral Arff, which forms the Vanguard of the Ruſſian Fleet, has taken the Iſland of Taſſo, three Miles from the Coaſts of Romania.

Breſlau, Auguſt 12. The Ruſſians have opened the campaign in Georgia: Prince Salomon, who has joined them, has laid ſiege to the caſtle on the iſland of Coppa, which makes a moſt vigorous defence. According to ſome advices the Regent of Perſia has aſſembled an army under the walls of Tauris, with intent to watch the motions of the Georgians.

Warſaw, Aug. 10. We hear from the army of Count Romanzow, that 25,000 Turks, commanded by the Baſhaw of Silliſtria, paſſed the Danube near Giurgewo, on the 14th of July, but that they met with ſo warm a reception from the Ruſſians, that hardly 3000 could effect a retreat. The Count was to paſs it next day, but we have head nothing of his proceedings ſince, on account of the overflowing of the Nieſter.

Caun, Auguſt 16. Advice is this Moment come, that Prince Fabulow, Lieut. Col. of Huſſars, has totally defeated the Van-guard of Koſakowſki's corps, which was under the command of Rittmeiſter Nowomieyſki. The Action happened the Day before Yeſterday, near Boiſagola, in Samogitia. As no Quarter was given to any one, there remains, of all the Confederacy of Wielkomierz, which compoſed this Van-Guard, only the Sieur Nowomieyſki, who was made Priſoner. Immediately after this Action, the Ruſſians prepared to attack Koſakowſki himſelf, for which purpoſe they have directed their March towards Roſſien. Koſakowſki was but nine Miles from the Place where the Action happened, and has ſent a Jew here with a Letter, in which he threatens us with Fire and Sword.

Sept. 11. We have this Moment received Advice that the Chan of Tartars, and all thoſe of that Nation who remained with him, have put themſelves under the protection of the Empreſs of Ruſſia; that the Flotilla from Azoph is now in the Black Sea; and that the Ruſſians have ſeized a great Number of Ships, which the precipitate Retreat of the Turks had not permitted them to ſave.

Extract of a Letter from Prince Dolgorucki, Commander in Chief of the Ruſſian Army in the Crimea, dated Caſa, July 19.

"All the Crimea is happily conquered. Kerizi and Janicola have ſubmitted to the Arms of our Sovereign. We are Maſters alſo of the Iſle of Taman; ſo that nothing further remains for me at preſent to do, but to maintain them. Having thus completed what I propoſed, I am now employed only in providing a Twelvemonth's Proviſions for my Army. I have already eſtabliſhed a Magazine of Subſiſtence for five Months, in a Fort at a Place called Szaytyre, ſeventy Werſtes from Precop."

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Sept. 2.

"THE ſudden Arrival in this City from London of Count de Guignes threw us all into a Surpriſe, imagining ſome very great and important Matters were upon the Carpet; and what confirmed us in this Opinion the more, a Council was immediately held, and before it broke up Diſpatches were ſent to every Sea Port in this Kingdom, from which it is conjectured that a War is near at hand. We have likewiſe learned, that another Reaſon for the Count's ſudden Appearance here is on account of ſome very important Diſcoveries being made in London with regard to the Fire at Portſmouth, not at all to the Honor of the French. As ſoon as the Council broke up, Expreſſes were ſent to Spain and Portugal on ſome extraordinary Affairs, which Time can only diſcover, as every one about the Court is quite ſilent as to what has paſſed there, and are ſo very reſerved in Converſation, they will not enter upon any State or Political Matters. However, this we are certain of, that unleſs France is aſſiſted by Spain and Portugal, and the Dutch ſupplies them with Money, the Finances are ſo low, that they will not be able to carry on a War one Year, but nothing will be done 'til the Return of the Couriers from Spain and Portugal."

LONDON, September 7.

Sunday died, at his houſe in this city, Hugh Warburton, Eſq; General, of his Majeſty's 27th Regiment.

Sept. 9. It was currently reported all day yeſterday, that two great perſons had been ſent to the Tower at two o'clock the ſame morning, being charged with being concerned in the late Fire at Portſmouth.

In a few days is expected an account from the Lord Lieut. of Ireland, when he intends returning to this Kingdom, and, if immediately, it is ſaid the Duke of Grafton will be appointed to ſucceed him.

Sept. 10. They write from Portſmouth that above ſix perſons, two of them capitable Traders, have abſconded from thence ſince the Beginning of Auguſt laſt.

A Correſpondent from York informs us that Sir G—E— had lately arrived in that City, and taken an Houſe for the Reſidence of himſelf and Family; ſince which ſome ſhrewed Politicians have pretended to diſcover that this crafty Scot has had ſome private Interviews with the Marquis of R——; from which it is ſuſpected that a Coalation is on the Point of taking place; nay ſome have even gone ſo far as to mention the Terms ſtipulated.

Among other Articles agreed upon are the following:

1. Mr. Dowdeſwell to be Chancellor of the Exchequer.
2. Lord North to remain at the Head of the Treaſury; but to be called up to the Houſe of Peers by Writ, by the Title of Viſcount Dillington.
3. Lord Rockingham to be Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.
4. Lord Mansfield to be Chancellor.
5. Sir Fletcher Norton Chief Juſtice of King's Bench.
6. Thomas Townſhend, Eſq; to be Speaker of the Houſe of Commons.
7. Edmund Burke, Eſq; o be a Vice Treaſurer of Ireland.
8. And a Repeal of all the American Revenue Laws.
9. With a total Proſcription of the Shelburne Faction.

Sept. 10. A Plan for a thorough Coalition of Parties is now certainly on the Carpet under the Direction of the Earls of Cheſterfield and Northington, and Lord Camden.

The Parliament of England is not to meet till after chriſtmas.

'Tis not yet ſettled whether the preſent Lord Lieut. of Ireland will continue in Office this Winter or not. If there ſhould be any Remove, Lord Suffolk is poſitively fixed on, at his Lordſhip's particular Requeſt.

September 12. Friday laſt Sir Eyre Coote kiſſed Hands on being appointed Colonel of the 27th Regiment, late Warburton's.

The Ribbon that was the late Sir Francis Blake Delaval's, is to be given to Sir Charles Hotham, Bart. Col. of the 15th Regiment.

In the Courſe of laſt Week General Conway had three Conferences with his Majeſty, ſaid to be on the Subject of ſome intended Regulations in the Board of Ordnance.

Orders are ſent to Chatham for equipping a Fleet of five Ships immediately, three of which are to be of the Line. Their Deſtination is as yet a profound Secret.

Tueſday a Packet was ſent off from the Admiralty Office, to be forwarded with all Expedition for Sir George Rodney at Jamaica.

Juſt imported in Captain Bryant from LONDON,
And to be Sold by

John Adams, & Co[y].

At their Shop nearly oppoſite the Old South Meeting-Houſe, BOSTON.

A compleat Aſſortment of cream-coloured, China, Glaſs, Delph and Stone Ware.

ALSO,

BEST Hyſon and Bohea Tea
Coffee Pepper
Allſpice Ginger
Chocolate by the Box or ſingle Pound
Beſt Kippen's Snuff
Flour of Muſtard
Poland Starch
Redwood Logwood
Copperas Allum
Brimſtone
T. P. 18 Inch Pipes
Beſt Engliſh and this Country Loaf Sugar
Double refin'd ditto
Brown Sugars by the Barrel or leſs
Currants Raiſins
Oatmeal Flour Rice
Nutmegs Mace
Cinnamon Cloves
Choice Florence Oyl,
Salt Petre
Beſt French Indigo
&c. &c.

N. B. A ſmall Aſſortment of Engliſh Goods, All the above will be ſold very low for Caſh, with proper Allowances made to thoſe that ſell again.

TO BE LETT,

A large commodious Dwelling-Houſe ſituate in Hanover Street, three Rooms & a Kitchen on a Floor, with a good Pump, Yard and Garden. —For further Particulars inquire of Capt. Jonathan Freeman, or the Printers hereof.

William Bant,

HAS Imported in the Haly, Capt. SCOTT, and Lydia, Capt. HALL, from LONDON,

A large and general Aſſortment of GOODS ſuitable for the approaching Seaſon, which he is determined to ſell by Wholeſale and Retail at the very loweſt Rates for Caſh, *at his Store fronting Dock-Square*, BOSTON, in which Aſſortment is,

SUPERFINE, ſcarlet, white, black, Ravens grey, blue grey, dark blue, pompadour, chocolate, green, cinnamon, claret, drab, light & dark mix'd Broad Cloths, middling & low priced d°. A fine Aſſortment of German Serges, Foreſt Cloths, Yorkſhire Plains, ſuperfine, middling and low priced, blue & drab col. Kerſey's, green & crimſon Colcheſter Bays; blue, green, crimſon, ſcarlet & white Draper Bays, white Flannels, mill'd Flannel for Ironing Cloths, ſtriped Swanſkins, ſcarlet Whitney, mixed Bearſkins, dark blue and mixed Lambſkins, mix Bath Beavers, green and mixed knap'd Beaver Coatings, ſcarlet, blue, green and mixed Ratteens, black & olive col. cotton Velvets, Womens black Velvets, claret, blue & olive col. Velvets, black and ſcarlet Hair Pluſh, black Drawboy, plain & figured Laſtings, Shalloons & Tammies of all colours, pink, green, brown & yellow Grizetts, Silverets, ſingle & double Allapeens, half-yard and yard-wide Crapes, yard wide figur'd Stuffs, Poplins, green & cloth col. Grograms, brown Cambletts, plain & ſtriped Cambleteens, Callimancoes of all colours, plain black Ruſſell, Bengalls Peneaſcoes, black & cloth coloured Breeches Pieces, Buff Sudbury Say, Mens white & black plain & ribb'd ſilk Hoſe, maſqueraded ſpun ſilk d°. maſqueraded ſilk & cotton d°. cotton, thread and worſted d°. Womens cotton & thread Hoſe, white, black, pink & blue worſted d°. Mens & Womens black & white Silk Gloves, Womens white & black cloth col. blue & green ſilk Mitts, Mens & Womens beſt Kid Gloves, Womens pompadore Gloves Childrens ſilk Mitts. Mens beſt Buck ſkin Gloves, Norway doe ditto, white & black plain & figured Gauze, Queen's Gauze, white and black Catgut, white Pariſnett, 4-qrs. & 6-qrs. thick Muſlin, 6-qrs. Sheer ditto. 4-qrs. & 6-qrs. Book Muſlin, 6-qrs. figur'd thick d°. ſilk Linen and Gauze Handkerchiefs, Womens white, black & green Engliſh Pumps, Lynn Shoes and Pumps, brocaded Clogs, Goloſhoes, Writing Paper, Paper Hangings, &c. &c. &c. &c.

GREEN & fleſh colour'd Engliſh Damaſk; black, ſlate, cinnamon, drab and fleſh col. Paduſoys, cinnamon, ſlate & drab colour'd Ducape, ſlate, cinnamon, drab, pink, yellow, and changeable Mantuas, black, blue, & roſe col. Taffaties, white, black, blue, green & cloth col. ell-wide Perſians, pink blue, & white half-yard d°. white Sarſenets, half ell & yard wide black Alamode, white and yellow ground Brocaded,

A large Aſſortment of rich black & white plain Sattins, black, white, cloth col. crimſon, pink and blue Pelong Sattins, white, black & crimſon 3-qrs. figured ditto. white, black & blue ¾ yard figured d°. white, black, blue and crimſon figured Modes; white, black, crimſon, ſcarlet, ſcarlet & white, pink & white, and blue & white Snail Trimmings, black Fringe, Fur Trimmings, black and white Muffs, the beſt of grey Muffs with Tippets, a large Aſſortment of blond Laces, black bone ditto, ½, ¾ & yard-wide Iriſh Linnen, ſome very fine, Lawns and Cambricks, Packet ditto, Iriſh Sheeting, Manchester Checks of all widths; ſcarlet & white, & yellow & white Ermineted Furniture Check, fine & courſe Bed-Tick, 10-qrs. cotton Counterpins, Oznabrigs, Tickenburg, Ruſſia Drabs, Raven's Duck, coarſe & fine Dowlaſs, Damaſk & Diaper Table, Cloths, Napkins Diaper, Ruſſia Linen, brown Holland, yard-wide plain figured & corded Dimitty, ſtay Tick, yellow Holland, Buckrams, fine ſewing Silks, ſilk Twiſt, ſilk & hair, and mohair, ſilk Knee Garters, Coat, Shoe and Quality Bindings, ſilk Ferrets, death head & baſket Buttons, metal & plated ditto, gold & ſilver wrought baſket d°. *Elegant ſpangled gold and ſilver ditto.* Shirt Buttons, Tapes, white & coloured Threads, Ribbons, N°. 4. 12 & pound Pins, Cap & ſkelleton Wire, Fans, Combs, black Sattin Hats, *very fine* and common Chip Hats, Childrens red Morocco Shoes.

Alſo, choice Bohea Tea, ſingle and double refined Engliſh Loaf Sugar, Pepper, Wool Cards, Mens green and crimſon Velvet Caps,

N. B. *Traders and Shopkeepers may be ſupplied with Aſſortments of the foregoing Articles, upon as good Terms, as at any Store in Town.*

To be Sold an excellent FARM, containing about 100 Acres, about 16 Miles from Boſton. For further Particulars inquire of Edes & Gill.

A Wet Nurſe, with a good Breaſt of Milk, would go into a Family. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

Vid. Fine page 246. & vid. Molaſſes act vid pa. 9. Vol. 2— Tea act pa. 735 Vol 1. & Billeting act pa. 274. vol 2. & vid pa. 589 & Rockingham

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

IN the News-papers of the last week we find inserted a Proclamation issued by the Governor of this province, with the advice of the Council, for a publick Thanksgiving, to be observ'd on Thursday the 21st of this Instant November. In this Order, ministers and people are called upon to "offer up their humble and hearty thanks to Almighty God", for that he has been pleas'd, among other blessings, "to continue to us our civil and religious Privileges". I confess I was astonish'd to see a proclamation conceiv'd in such terms, at a time when the body of the people are loudly & very justly complaining that their civil liberties are not only threatned, but actually wrested from them. Can it be said that the liberties of this people are *continued* to them, when a power over which they cannot have the least controul, has not only claim'd a right of making laws binding upon us in all cases whatever, but in consequence of such a supposed right, have made laws to deprive us of our property without our consent? And is not a revenue thus extorted from us against our wills, appropriated to maintain a Governor absolutely independent of us, and an unconstitutional Board of Commissioners, with their numerous train of exactors and taskmasters, down to the very dirt; besides an army and navy, over which the commander in chief has repeatedly declared he has no authority, even at a time when they were butchering the King's subjects of this province?—Did it not plainly appear that he either had not, or would not exercise any other power over this *military tyranny*, at a time when the exertion of the *civil authority* was absolutely necessary, than humble prayers and intreaties? And could he be prevailed upon to exercise even such a kind of power as that, till the people upon seeing with horror and indignation, the streets stained with the blood of their fellow citizens, shed by an unruly and inhuman soldiery, were determin'd to take *their own* remedy? Have we not for months past been govern'd *ostensively* by one over whom we have *no check*, remaining, and *in reality* by the discretion of another, with whom we have not the least connection—who was neither born nor educated among us, and who has for seven years past manifestly discover'd the most inveterate hatred to us?—I shall not enlarge upon the *edicts* which have of late been made *the rule* of the administration of government in this province, altogether inconsistent with the charter, & with every idea of a *free* constitution—Have we not seen by virtue of one of them, the garrison in the pay of this government at our capital fortress remov'd, to make way for another consisting of the King's troops, under the immediate direction of an administration detested both in Britain and the Colonies? By another, our General Assembly driven from the most convenient as well as the ancient and established seat of government? By others, are they not impertinently dictated to in the most important instances of legislation, which is incompatible with their freedom & dignity, and even forbid to make use of their own money for the payment of agents who have been employ'd by them in presenting their supplications to the throne?—Can it then in the name of common sense be truly said that our civil liberties are continued to us?—If not, is it not insulting to call upon us to offer our humble & hearty thanks to Almighty God for so great a blessing? And will it not be a piece of solemn mockery to pay any religious regard to that part of the proclamation, unless by the deepest humiliation before God, who has in his righteous anger suffered the wickedness of the wicked so far to prevail; and by fervent supplications that he would be graciously pleased to direct and unite us in measures whereby we may recover those rights and liberties, which are wrested from us, and rid our selves of unreasonable and cruel men.

vid pa. 602—603. bo. CHRISTIAN.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

CAN any man read the Governor's proclamation of a solemn Thanksgiving to Almighty God for the 'continuation of our civil and religious privileges', and not be astonished at the impious mockery hereby intended to be offered to the Supreme Being? It is recommended to the ministers and people of this province, to offer up their humble and hearty thanks to the Author of all good, for *continuing*, what Great-Britain and the Colonies with one voice deplore the almost total *ravishment* and deprivation of, their *civil* and religious privileges! Can they thus in open violation of truth, and every appearance of common decency, compliment the betrayer and invader of their privileges, with a public, provincial, religious acknowledgment, that we gratefully enjoy them to the full? Can they assume that pitch of audacity, requisite to address the Deity with, a declaration, that all the petitions and remonstrances, which, for seven years past have besieged the throne of Great-Britain, and are incessantly ascending to the throne of heaven itself, are *idle* dreams of *imaginary* grievances? If to, by all means let us be thankful. But thanksgiving being perhaps the most rational and natural part of divine service, it behoves us to see to it, that this great duty be performed *in all honesty and godly sincerity*, as become those who would avoid offering *strange fire*, and *serve God with their understandings*. To assist my countrymen a little in this important matter, I will give them a short enumeration of their most essential and fundamental *civil* and *religious* privileges, and subjoin some of the most glaring instances of the infraction of these privileges, and then leave it with the Reverend Ministers and Christian People to determine for themselves, whether a thanksgiving for their *continuance*, or a supplication for their *restoration*, would be the most proper employment of Thursday the twenty-first day of November instant.

By the Charter of this Province, the inhabitants are entitled to all the Rights, Privileges and Franchises of natural-born Subjects of Great Britain, generally; specially, to the ruling, ordering and governing of the said province or territory, making and repealing of all laws civil and ecclesiastical, in short the fee of the soil, and absolute dominion of the whole Colony was vested in the original grantees, their heirs and assigns, some inconsiderable reservations excepted to the king of G. Britain, which have never been contested with him.

Under the capricious tyranny of Charles the second, their Charter suffered the fate of every other covenant between the Crown and the People, in favour of the latter, that mad usurper could lay his hands upon. Our civil and religious rights, therefore, contained in that charter, being wrested from us by lawless force and unconstitutional stretch of power, were by every principle of right and fair reasoning, restored to us at the revolution. For if the expulsion of James from his throne and kingdom, was declared to be in consequence of the many and grievous wrongs he had suffered to be done his subjects, and no wrong could be more affecting than the vacation of their charters, the bonds of all their privileges; surely the very action of expelling him most explicitly avowed the restoration of all the rights he had seized to their former and rightful owners.

Your *civil privileges* then, my fellow-citizens, proprietors and inhabitants of the colony and territory of the Massachusetts-Bay, are to choose a Governor & Deputy Governor, and twenty-eight Councellors, with one or more Deputies, to represent you in the Great & General Court or Assembly, from every corporate town in the province; and all this important power to revert to the people yearly, and every year for ever.

In this great and general court were to be made all laws, rules and ordinances for the ruling, ordering and governing every individual member of that community; agreeable indeed to the laws and constitution of Great-Britain whose foundation stone is the security of the subject from every imposition which by deliberate examination in free parliament may appear to them grievous.

That Governors, Councellors and Representatives might be and remain, what God and nature ever designed them, the *servants* of the PEOPLE, they were to depend upon them for *reward*, as well as *appointment* to their service.

Under such a condition of public affairs an annual thanksgiving, appointed by the true representatives and rightful governors of the people, would very properly acknowledge our gratitude for the continuance of civil and religious privileges: For N. B. I never consider them distinct.

Our present condition *privileges* us to receive a governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary, sole judge of admiralty, for *land* affairs, as well, or more interestingly than those of his proper and original department, five commissioners of *customs* imposed by the sole authority of the Crown, against the repeated and perpetual remonstrances of the people. And to finish the agreeable prospect of our mighty privileges, this extorted revenue is bestowed upon these obtruded governors, secretary, judge, commissioners, and an infinity of their dependents, to bribe them to the interest of the minister, and the traiterous villains under his influence and direction, to harrass the people in every way and manner within the stretch of their invention, till wearied of the struggle, they either tamely surrender, or drove to despair, endeavour a recovery of their rights, by the last resort of often aggrieved and unredressed Englishmen.

Whoever can find in his heart to offer up his humble and hearty thanks to Almighty God for such vitiations as these, and the innumerable and ineffable consequences which 'accompany or flow from them', may make himself easy about all future Proclamations for fasting and prayer; for I should never be able to divine, what calamity it would be worth his while to depricate, unless it were an excision of the present sett of harpies, that a more hungry swarm might settle in their room.

vid pa. 602—603. SINCERUS.

WORTHY descendants indeed, from the Heroes of the last century, if they can suffer a traiterous usurper to rob them of all their fundamental privileges, and then cordially join in a public recognition, that they have as many of them continued to them as they deserve to enjoy! i. e. NOT ONE *of the least consequence: For laws, taxes, and governors imposed at the pleasure of a foreign state, leave nothing behind worth contending for.*

Daniel Boyer, jeweller,

Opposite the *Province-House*,

HEREBY informs his Customers and others, That he has just received per Captain Bruce, a fresh Assortment of Articles for the Jeweller's and Goldsmith's Use—which he will sell cheap for Cash. Also a Parcel of second-had Tools.

All Persons indebted to, or that

have any Demands on the Estate of Mr. Ambrose Low, late of Hingham, Cordwainer, deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Obadiah Low, of Boston, Executor to said Estate, in Order for Settlement.

N. B. Those Persons who have Accounts open with said Estate in or near Hingham, are requested to leave them with Mrs. Leach Low, of said Hingham, to be forwarded to said Executor.

BOSTON.

On Wednesday the 23d ult. the Rev. Mr. Ephraim Ward was ordained Pastor of the first Church of Christ in Brookfield. The Rev. Mr. Woodward of Weston began the Solemnity with Prayer. The Rev. Mr. Haven of Dedham preached a Sermon suited to the Occasion, from 1 Thess. v. 12, 13. The Rev. Mr. Forbes of Brookfield prayed before the Charge. The Rev. Mr. Jones of Western gave the Charge. The Rev. Mr. Miriam of Newton prayed after the Charge. The Rev. Mr. Cushing of Waltham gave the Right hand of Fellowship. A Psalm was sung, and the Blessing given.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in ———, to his Friend in this Town, dated October 25th, 1772.

"I WAS the Day before Yesterday at Brookfield, attending the Ordination of Mr. Ward, a young Gentleman, as I am told, of a very amiable Character, and no less remarkable for his Modesty than for his other Virtues. Judge then (my Friend) what a painful Situation he must have been in when one of his reverend Ordainers, among other strange Things which he delivered on the Occasion, addressed him, in an arrogant, not to say profane Imitation of our blessed Saviour's Words to the Apostle Peter, and with an Air of ineffable Conceitedness, pronounced as follows—We give unto thee the Keys of the Kingdom of Heaven; and whatsoever thou shalt bind on Earth, shall be bound in Heaven; and whatsoever thou shalt loose on Earth, shall be loosed in Heaven. Just as the venerable *Speaker had finished this Period*, "That's right", (quoth a Wag that sat next to me,) our Parson too can bind and loose; not indeed by an Interest with Heaven; but he has lately turned Doctor, and produces these Effects by plain Astringents and Laxatives. He was so full of his Fun that he took no Notice of the next Words of his Reverence, which were a further unjustifiable Imitation of the Language that was addressed to the Apostles collectively, by their Divine Master——Whose soever Sins thou remittest, they are remitted unto them; and whose soever Sins thou retainest they are retained. Upon my merry Seatmate's being informed of this by one that sat next to him on the other Side, he fell to acting the Part of a Buffoon, and threw out his Jests with so audible a Tone that I feared he would disturb the Congregation; but interrupting him, and putting on a severe Countenance, cease your Drollery, said I, and let us attend to what comes next. In vain did I reprove him, for he was frequently afterwards making his queer Remarks, and ever and anon muttering so loud as to disturb me, who aimed to be composed and grave.

After the Exercises were over, I partook of the Entertainment, and it being, as you know, but a moderate Ride, I returned home the same Evening, and soon after retiring to Bed, fell into a Sleep, which occasioned the Dream I am now going to relate.—Methought (and who is there that does not think sometimes when asleep?) methought, I say, I heard the waggish Blade I mentioned above, discoursing with a certain reverend Gentleman before referred to, about some Expressions he had uttered in Public the preceeding Day, and treating him, tho' beyond Controversy an Ambassador of Heaven, with much less Ceremony than a Man of good Breeding would have treated a Plenipotentiary, even of an earthly Sovereign. The insolent Language of this impudent Fellow made such an Impression on my Mind, that I am now able to relate what he delivered verbatim. "All your Pretensions," said he, "to these, and many other extraordinary Powers, are founded, not on the Authority of Heaven, but in a Delusion of the Vulgar. Such of your Claims as are really just, evangelical and rational, no Man would attempt to dispute—He would thereby subject himself to Contempt—but the ostentatious Trumpery with which you have entertained us To-day is truly ridiculous.—You no doubt conclude yourself very wise and holy, because you can document a Thousand Hearers at a Time, without being contradicted by one—But do you in your Conscience believe that you are possessed of the Keys of Heaven, and can admit or exclude at pleasure? And that you can communicate such Powers by Ordination?" He would have proceeded in this abusive Way; but some of the good Man's Parishioners present, who had long considered their reverend Pastor and Religion as inseperable, justly concluding the former could not be ridiculed but by an Enemy to the latter, prevented him, by bestowing on him the Names of graceless Wretch, Deist and Infidel; and seeming at the same Time as if they were preparing to give him dry Blows:—Whereupon he marched quietly away. I also had exerted myself so much against this profane Babbler that, immediately upon his seeming to walk off, I awoke from my Sleep; which I was the more sorry for, as a Person who appeared to me to be a very sensible Man, had just then begun to make some Observations on certain other Words and Phrases, respecting the Office and Authority of a Clergyman, used on the aforementioned Occasion, which were of a very solemn and pompous Sound, but of dubious and uncertain Signification. Of these I will give you some Account when I see you next." pa. 639.

John Barret and Sons

Hereby inform their Customers and others, That they have Imported in the last Ships from ENGLAND,

A General Assortment of European and India GOODS, suitable to the Season, which they will sell on the lowest Terms for Cash or short Credit, at their Store near the Mill-Bridge.

Besides a great Variety of other Articles, they have, A prime Assortment of figured Stuffs, Grizzets, Broglio's, Drawboys, check'd cotton and silk Mantuas, Calcuttas, Crapes, Cambletts plain and Striped, Tammies, Ribbonds, Durants, Calamancoes, Shalloons, Serges, Coatings, &c.

For SALE,

The Ship Brave Corsican, John Wallace, Master; about 160 Ton Burthen, as she now lays at Gray's Wharff. Inventory to be seen on board the Ship.

|| The Proclamation was in the usual Form, saving as abovesaid. ¶ vid. Declaratory Act pa. 792. Vol. 1
† as Molasses Act. vid pa. 9. Vol. 2 — Tea Act pa. 735. Vol. 1. — Billeting Act pa. 274. Vol. 2.
V vid. Tea act pa. 735. Vol. 1 — vid pa. 576. 2. ved. The act appointing them pa. 748 Vol. 1 & Commission pa. 253 Vol. 2.
* vid. arrival of Troops &c pa. 263. vol. 2 — vid. Barnards answer pa. 537. vol. 2 & Hutchinsons pa. 61.

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

I ſhall be oblig'd to you if you will publiſh the following Queſtions and Anſwers, in which is contain'd a material part of my political Creed.

Your's, A Friend to *lawful* Government.

Queſtion. WHAT is Rebellion?

Anſwer. It is an oppoſition *not to perſons*, tho' cried up by fawning flatterers as ſons of Jupiter authoriz'd from Heaven, or ſtill more, as "born and educated in the Country"; but to *authority*, which is founded in the *conſtitution & laws* of the government.

Q. Who are Rebels?

A. Men by entering into ſociety & civil government have excluded *force*: He therefore who ſets up force *again* in oppoſition to the conſtitution and the laws does *rebellare*, that is rebel, or bring back into a ſtate of war.

Q. Who are in the greateſt danger of running into rebellion, or turning rebels?

A. Men in power.

Q. What is the propereſt way to prevent their falling into this ſin?

A. To ſhew them *plainly* their Danger.

Q. What is the beſt fence againſt rebellion?

A. The doctrine of *a power in the people of providing for their ſafety a-new*, when men in power have acted contrary to their truſt by invading their liberty and property.

Q. How are the people then to *provide for their ſafety?*

A. ——————

Q. Will not this doctrine be *deſtructive of peace in ſociety?*

A. It may be as well ſaid upon the ſame ground that *men may not oppoſe robbers or pirates* becauſe this may occaſion diſorder and bloodſhed.

Q. When may the people provide for their own ſafety?

A. When they univerſally have a perſwaſion *grounded upon manifeſt evidence*, that *deſigns are carrying on* againſt their *liberties*.

Q. Muſt they wait till theſe deſigns are carried into *full execution* before they *provide for their own ſafety?*

A. ——————

PHILADELPHIA, October 24.

Capt. Sampſon Hervey, from Liſbon informs, that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter, attended by General Hervey, and Col. Deſaguliers, with a very grand retinue, arrived at Liſbon the 28th of Auguſt, after a paſſage of 18 days, in his Britannic Majeſty's frigate the Venus. His Royal Highneſs was received at the Court of Portugal with all the diſtinction due to his exalted rank, and conducted aſhore in his Moſt faithful Majeſty's barge to the Old Queen's Palace, which had been previouſly fixed up for his reception, in the moſt ſuperb manner.

By letters, &c. from the Bay of Honduras, we learn, that there is and like to continue, a great famine in that country, the Locuſts having overſpread the country in ſuch a manner, that they have eat up every green thing; and it is ſaid in ſome parts that they lay on the ground an inch thick.——At Amoergreaſe, it is ſaid, that 17,000 Indians had died for want, and in other parts of the country thouſands were dead, and dying; ſo that it was computed that upwards of 80,000 Indians had died with famine when the laſt accounts came away.——Proviſions were very ſcarce at our ſettlements at the Bay, ſo that many veſſels ſailed from thence with very ſhort allowance; the famine is alſo great among the Spaniards, they having ſent to Honduras for flour.

BOSTON, November 4, 1771.

Wedneſday arrived here the Mermaid, of 28 Guns, Capt. Thompſon, from the Iſland St. John's.

Alſo, the Lizard of 28 Guns, Capt. C. Inglis, from Portſmouth in England, to join the other Ships under the Command of Admiral Montagu.

The Arethuſa Frigate, was to ſail for this Place ſoon after the Lizard.

Saturday Night laſt his Majeſty's Ship the Deal Caſtle, arrived here from Halifax.

There is a Report that John Williams, Eſq; Inſpector-General of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, was to be appointed one of the Board of Commiſſioners, in the Room of John Robinſon, Eſq; who is to be provided for in Wales. [Shan-ap-Morgan Shentleman of Wales.]

We hear that the ſum of 20,000l ſterl. is appropriated for the defenſive repairs of *his Majeſty's Caſtle* William.

We are informed by ſeveral Gentlemen of character lately arrived from London, that the people of ALL ranks are generally diſguſted with the preſent adminiſtration; that three out of four *feel* for America; and that could it be [illegible] by the people, we ſhould ſoon have our privileges reſtored, and the preſent tyrannical Miniſters *rewarded according to their works.*

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, to his Friend in this Town, dated Sept. 11, 1771.

"We are not very briſk in our Motions here, we are all waiting and making the beſt Preparations we can in Order to be in Readineſs when the firſt Blow is ſtruck."

The following Gentlemen are Commiſſioned Field-Officers in the ſecond Regiment of Militia in *Barnſtable*,

Willard Knowles, Eſq; Colonel.

Eliſha Doane Eſq; Lieutenant-Colonel.

Solomon Pepper, Eſq; Major.

Laſt Saturday Evening died very ſuddenly, Mr. *Thomas Jackſon*, of this Town, Diſtiller, aged 61. His Funeral is to be next Wedneſday at 4 o'Clock. It is deſired that his Friends and Acquaintance will attend.

Died on his Paſſage from Jamaica, Capt. Arch. Dinmore.

Died at Hopkinton, Mrs. Anna Barrett, Conſort of the Rev'd Mr. Samuel Barrett, Paſtor of the Church in that Town.

DIED] Mr. Jonas Webber, a noted Sawyer.

This Morning arrived here Capt. Coffin in 7 Weeks from London: On his Paſſage he took up ten Men that had been in a Boat 5 Days, which belong'd to a Veſſel call'd a Raft which founder'd at Sea, Greenleaf, Maſter, bound from Newbury to London.

The Subſcriber intending for Europe the enſuing Winter, deſires all Perſons who have any Demands upon him to bring them in; and all thoſe who are indebted to him, that are minded to prevent Trouble, not to poſtpone their Payments any longer, as he is abſolutely determined to put all his Debts in ſuit next January Court.

Boſton, October 31. 1771. John Bernard.

Laſt Friday was publiſhed, the ſecond No. of the

Fan for Fanning, and Touch-Stone to TRYON.

As this Book contains a *fair* IMPARTIAL Account of the *whole Proceedings* in NORTH-CAROLINA—Therefore it is judged (by Men of Superiority) from what has been publiſhed, to be worthy the Attention of every curious reader. They may be had Weekly, (on Fridays,) oppoſite *William Vaſſall*, Eſq'rs; at the Head of Queen-Street.

TO-MORROW

At ELEVEN o'Clock,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE

One half of the Manſion

Houſe late the Eſtate of the Hon. *John Wheelwright*, Eſq; deceas'd, ſituate in Cole-Lane, ſo called. It is the pleaſanteſt Part of the Houſe, has many Accommodations, and will be ſold on Credit, if it ſhould not be convenient for the Purchaſer to pay the Money down.

*** Sale will be on the Premiſſes.

Tueſday next——XI o'Clock.

J. Ruſſell, Auctioneer.

On WEDNESDAY NEXT,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning.

Will be ſold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street,

A Variety of GOODS as uſual,

among which are, Broad Cloths, Iriſh Linnens, Ratteens, red & blue Duffills, Manchester Cotton Checks, Kerſeys, plain Camblets, Plaids, Silk and Linnen Handkerchiefs, Writing Paper, and a Variety of other Articles.

J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

Wedneſday Next at Ten o'Clock.

TO BE SOLD BY

William Homes,

Oppoſite the Golden-Key in Ann-Street, BOSTON.

Choice Raiſins, and Currants, by the Caſk or leſs, good Sugars in Barrels, very ſuitable for Retailing; alſo Bohea Tea, by the Hundred or leſs, *warranted*, if not good taken back and the Money return'd; moſt Sorts of Weſt-India Goods and Groceries, &c.

N. B. The Goldſmith & Jewellery Buſineſs carried on as uſual.

TO BE SOLD,

Two Rights in the Townſhip

No. 5 (in the Counties of Hampſhire and Berkſhire) on one of which there is a good Houſe.—Of the above Land forty Acres are fenced, twenty ſeven cleared and ſeeded, thirty partly cleared, and twenty eight girdled. For further Particulars enquire of the Printers.

We the Subſcribers being appointed Commiſſioners by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Briſtol, to receive and examine the Claims of the ſeveral Creditors to the Eſtate of Caleb Rice, late of Baltimore, in the Province of Maryland, Gentleman, deceaſed, Inteſtate, repreſented Inteſtate, repreſented Inſolvent, and Six Months being allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts: DO give Notice, That we ſhall attend that Service at the Dwelling-Houſe of Joſiah Crocker, Innholder in Taunton, on the firſt Wedneſday of the ſix next enſuing Months, from Four o'Clock in the Afternoon to Eight in the Evening of each of the ſaid Days.

Taunton, October 28, 1771. DANIEL LEONARD, JOB WILLIAMS.

All perſons who have any Demands on the Eſtate of Capt. Samuel Shiverick, late of Falmouth, in the County of Barnſtable, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts. And all who are Indebted to ſaid Eſtate, to make Payment, in Order that ſaid Eſtate may be ſettled as ſoon as poſſible.

Falmouth, 23d October, 1771. TIMOTHY CROCKER, Executor.

TO BE LETT,

A very convenient Dwelling-Houſe, with large Brick Stores adjoining, in very good Repair, ſuitable for a Gentleman in Trade, ſituated in Wings-Lane: Enquire of the Printers.

To be Sold Cheap, for no Fault,

A young Negro Man, of a good Temper. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE SOLD

By Benjamin Church,

On THURSDAY next

At his uſual Place of Sale,

A Variety of European Goods, viz.

Broad Cloths, Foreſt ditto, Camblets, Calamancoes, Cotton Velvets, Iriſh Hollands, Checks, Sheeting Gauzes, Shalloons, Mens and Womens Hoſe, Wearing Apparel, Houſe Furniture, Watches, &c. &c.

TO BE LETT,

A Tenement near the Bottom of Cold-Lane, conſiſting of one Room and a Kitchen.—Alſo an End of a Houſe at the Bottom of ſaid Lane; Likewiſe a Houſe to be Sold. Enquire of Edes & Gill.

To be Sold, a Dwelling-Houſe with Two Rooms on a Floor, with a Shop and Ciſtern, a good Well of Water, and a Wood-Houſe, pleaſantly ſituated in Summer-Street, next Door to the Rev. Dr. Chauncy. Enquire of Edes and Gill.

As the Introduction of Youth into HARVARD-COLLEGE before they are properly acquainted with the Latin and Greek Languages, operates much to their Diſadvantage in the Courſe of their Education:—NOTICE is hereby given, That CANDIDATES for Admiſſion will for the future, be examined in ANY Part of the following Books,—— The Greek Teſtament, Virgil's Æneid, and Cicero's ſelect Orations. It is alſo expected that they be well acquainted with Latin Proſody.

SAMUEL LOCKE, { In the Name of the Preſident and Tutors.

Harvard-College, October 10, 1771.

Hopeſtill Capen

INFORMS his Cuſtomers and others, That he has juſt receiv'd from London, by the Captains Darbey, Caleſ, and Bryant,

A further Supply of Goods ſuitable for the Seaſon, among which are, A very fine Aſſortment of midling and low-priz'd Broad Cloths, which he determines to ſell by Wholeſale or Retail, at the very loweſt Prices for Caſh or ſhort Credit, at his Shop at the Sign of the Cornfield, in Union-Street, Boſton.

Samuel Sparhawk

Informs his Cuſtomers and others, That he has removed his Shop from the North-End to Ann-Street, one Door below Golden Key——Where he has to ſell, Engliſh Goods, alſo a Variety of Stationary, Hard Ware and Groceries—All upon very reaſonable Terms for Caſh.

Choice Bohea Tea per Hundred, Dozen or ſingle Pound.

To be ſold cheap for Caſh,

A FARM,

Conſiſting of a large Double Houſe, a large Barn, and upwards of 120 Acres of Land, a Wood Lott of 18 or 20 Acres, Orchard ſufficient to make 30 Barrels of Cyder, Meadow Land well accommodated with Water, and a very convenient Place for a Tanner, ſituate in Woburn, within a Mile of the Meeting-Houſe, firſt Pariſh. For further Particulars, inquire of Edes & Gill.

On TUESDAY Evening next,

Will be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Auction-Room, Foot of Royal-Exchange Lane, over Mr. THOMAS WALLEY's Store.

A Great Variety of Engliſh GOODS, among which are,

BRoad Cloths, Kerſeys, Ratteens, ſcarlet Serges, Manchester Velvets, Breeches Patterns, Camblets, Mens and Womens Stockings, worſted Caps, Iriſh Linnens, Callicoes, flowered and plain Lawns, ſtriped Muſlins, Checks, Bedticks, Barcelona and Linnen Handkerchiefs, ſilk Romals, worſted and ſilk Mitts, Writing Paper, Silver Watches, Silver Sleeve Buttons, Necklaces and Earings, a few Buckſkin Breeches, one Suit red Curtains, Mehogany Tea Cheſts, Bedſteads, Chairs, &c.

WILLIAM HUNTER, Auctioneer.

Tueſday Evening next, at Six o'Clock.

This and To-Morrow Evening,

Will be Sold by Publick Vendue, at the Auction-Room North Side of the Market.

A valuable Aſſortment of Articles, viz.

BRoad Cloths, Ratteens, Kerſeys, Plains, Half-Thicks, Baize, Druggets, German Serge, Cotton Velvets, Worſted Hoſe, Breeches Patterns, Women's Worſted Gloves and Mitts, Silk and Cotton Romall Handkerchief, a variety of Printed and Check Linnen ditto, Cheks, Linnens and Lawns, Oznabrigs, Silver Watches, &c. A. BOWMAN, Auctioneer.

N. B. At ſaid Auction Room may be had a handſome Set of Henry's Commentary on the Bible, Six Volumes, Folio.

This and To-Morrow Evening.

(No Entries receiv'd this Week.)

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, ſince our laſt, Fourteen Whites. One Black.

Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Six.

High Water at BOSTON *for this preſent Week.*

Monday, 30 min. after 9 — Friday, 46 m aft. 1
Tueſday, 20 min. af. 10 — Saturday, 36 m. af. 2
Wedneſday, 7 m. aft. 11 — Lord's Day 30 m. af. 3
Thurſday, 52 min. after 11 — New M. 6 Day, 22 Aft.

Read, Appointment of the Board pa. 748. Vol. 1.

13. Vol. 2.

LONDON BOOK-STORE,
Oppoſite Williams's Court, Cornhill, BOSTON,

Henry Knox

Has juſt received from London by the Lydia, Capt. Hall,
A General Aſſortment of the moſt celebrated BOOKS in all Branches of Literature.
Among which are;
HUME's Hiſtory of England, 8 Vols. 8vo.
on Human Nature, 3 Vols. 8vo.
's Eſſays, 4 Vols. 12mo.
POSTLETHWAIT's Dictonary of Trade and Commerce, 2 Vols. Fol.
VAN SWIETEN's Commentaries upon Boerhaves Aphoriſms, 14 Vols. 8vo.
abridged by Dr. Schomberg, 2 Vols. 8vo.
HAWKINS's Pleas of the Crown, Fol.
PLOWDEN's Reports in Engliſh, Fol.
HOBART's Dutc, Fol.
BLACKESTONES Commentaries, 4 Vols. 4to.
The Light of Nature purſued by EDWARD SEARCH, Eſq; 3 Vols. 8vo.
"*Theſe are ſome of the moſt curious Books that perhaps have been written this Century. Mr. Search has explored many of the ſecret Receſſes of Nature and the latent Principles of Action with extraordinary Diligence and Sagacity, and explained thoſe Topics on which he has written with an aſtoniſhing Mixture of Reaſon & Fancy; with a Variety of ſolid Arguments, probable Conjectures and humorous Illuſtrations.*" Crit. Review.
A Survey of the Britiſh Cuſtoms, by SAMUEL BALDWIN, of the Cuſtom-Houſe, London, 4to.
"*This Work is very uſeful and neceſſary to Merchants, Traders and all others concerned in Cuſtom-Houſe Affairs. as it contains a complete ſurvey of the Britiſh Cuſtoms, in which Mr. Baldwin has with great Skill and Induſtry ranged in a very uſeful and conſpicuous Manner, the ſeveral Rates, Duties, Impoſts, &c. payable upon the Importation of Foreign and Domeſtic Goods, and likewiſe tabulated the Drawbacks, Bounties, &c. uſually allowed upon their being exported.*
HERMES, or an Inquiry concerning univerſal Grammar, by JAMES HARRIS, Eſq;
Thoſe who would enter more deeply into this Subject of Grammar, will find it fully and accurately handled with the greateſt Acuteneſs of Inveſtigation, Perſpicuity of Explication and Elegance of Method, in a Treatiſe intitled HERMES, *the moſt beautiful and perhaps perfect Example of Analyſis that has been exhibited ſince the Days of Ariſtotle.* Dr. Lowth's Intro. to Gram.
BEATTIE on the Nature & Immutability of Truth, 8vo.
Mr. Beattie's Style is clear and eaſy, his Manner of Writing lively and entertaining, and the many Illuſtrations throughout his Work are extremely pertinent and ingenious, and upon the whole, an excellent Antidote againſt Scepticiſm and Infidelity.
A large Variety of the newеſt and beſt Books in LAW, PHYSIC and DIVINITY.
CLASSICAL AUTHORS and SCHOOL BOOKS.
BIBLES of all Sorts and Sizes.
ENGLISH, FRENCH & LATIN DICTIONARIES.
NEW NOVELS.——&c. &c.

ALSO,

A large and compleat Aſſortment of Stationary, conſiſting of Accompt Books, Pot Writing Paper of all Prices, Fools Cap ditto, Poſt, Demy, Medium, Royal, Super-Royal and Imperial Ditto, Preſs and Cartridge Paper for Clothiers, Ladies Pocket Memorandum Books, with or without Silver Claſps, Inkſtands, Wafers, Dutch Quills, Pens, Sealing Wax, *very neat Meſſage Cards*, Proſpect Glaſſes, Pocket Globes, &c. &c.
Thoſe Perſons who will pleaſe to favor him with their Cuſtom, may depend upon PURCHASING *at the loweſt Prices, and every Favor gratefully acknowledged.*

JUST Imported in the Schooner Induſtry, JOHN GULIKER, Maſter, from New-Providence, and to be Sold at Hutchinſon's Wharff, North-End.

A Parcel of choice Mohogany Plank, Table Boards, and Setts for Bedſteads, Brazelleto, Lignum Vita, Cotton Wool, Spaniſh Sole Leather, a fine Parcel Chaney Oranges, Sour Oranges, a few freſh Limes, and two or three good Turtle in fine Order, alſo ſome Junk. Inquire at Mr. AVES's Store on ſaid Wharff.

Caleb Blanchard

In Union-Street, near the Market, BOSTON,
Informs his Friends and others, that he has imported
A further Aſſortment of GOODS,
In the Lydia, Capt. HALL, from LONDON.
This Importation conſiſts of the beſt double CAMBLETS, Poplins, half-yard and yard-wide Brilliants, Denmark Luſters, Miſſinets, Grazets, Brolios and other Stuffs for Womens Gowns, Mens and Womens unglaz'd Kid and Lamb Gloves, Gold and Silver Baſket and figur'd Buttons, white, green and faſhionable ſuper fine and middling Broad-Cloths, a parcel of very handſome large Carpets, Neſts of red gilt Trunks, very faſhionable Caps, and Ruffs for the Ladies, Tiffany and Hatband Crape, Sampler Canvas, Quality, &c. &c.——His Aſſortment is now compleat, and will Sell at the very loweſt Prices for ready Money only.
*** Conſtant Attendance given, and all Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.——Alſo Bohea and Hyſon TEA——Pepper, Spices, Engliſh Loaf Sugar, Playing Cards.
All kinds of Stationary Ware, &c. &c.

Loſt about 6 Weeks ago, a Moſes Boat, 18 Feet long, almoſt new, her Gunnel crack'd. Whoever has taken up the ſame, is deſir'd to give Information to the Printers hereof, and he ſhall be well rewarded for his Trouble. October 28, 1771

Ebenezer Storer,

Informs his Cuſtomers, That he has imported in the laſt Ships from LONDON,
A general Aſſortment of GOODS,
ſuitable for the Seaſon,
Which he ſells at the loweſt Rates for Caſh.

The Treaſurer for the County of *Suffolk* notifies thoſe Conſtables and Collectors of Taxes, who are indebted to ſaid County for the Years preceding 1770, that he is under a Neceſſity of iſſuing his Warrants againſt them, unleſs they immediately pay him their reſpective Balances: which Neceſſity will appear by the following Order:

Suffolk, ſſ. AT a Court of General Seſſions of the Peace held at *Boſton*, within and for the County of *Suffolk*, by Adjournment, on Thurſday the Twenty-third Day of *May*, A. D. 1771.

WHEREAS it appears to this Court by the Treaſurer's Accompts, that ſeveral Towns in the County are indebted for their Taxes preceding the Year 1770: ORDERED, That the County Treaſurer immediately take ſuch Steps as the Law directs for compelling ſuch deficient Towns, their Conſtables or Collectors to pay in the ſame. And the Treaſurer is directed to diſcharge, as ſoon as he ſhall be able, ſuch Debts as are due from the County that carry Intereſt upon them. *Atteſt.* EZEKIEL GOLDTHWAIT, Clerk.

For *LONDON*,
The Brig WILLIAM, *Charles Acworth*, Maſter, a fine new Veſſel, Burthen 140 Tons, and has fine Accommodations, now lying at Minot's T, and is one half loaded. For Freight or Paſſage apply to the Maſter on Board ſaid Brig.

For *LONDON*,
The Brig MINERVA, *William Ruggles*, Maſter, Burthen 130 Tons, now lying at Doble's Wharfe, and has one half of her Cargo engaged. For Freight or Paſſage apply to the Maſter on Boar ſaid Brig.

For *LIVERPOOL*,
The Brig TRITON, *Samuel Miller*, Maſter, two Thirds loaded, and now lying at Colman's Wharfe, North-End. For Freight or Paſſage apply to the Maſter on Board.

TO BE SOLD,
A Commodious Wharff at the Southerly Part of the Town, conveniently ſituated for Wood or Lumber. ALSO TO BE LETT,
A Genteel End of a HOUSE;
Inquire of Edes & Gill.

WANTED,
A Number of live Wild TURKEYS. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

A very convenient Houſe at the North Part of the Town, and near the Lattin School, to be Let; Inquire of Edes & Gill.

NEW *Philadelphia* FLOUR,
JUST arrived, to be Sold cheap for ready PAY, at Warehouſe No. 14, on Long-Wharff,
Where may be had,
Quart Bottles in Hampers, of a Groce each.

COTTON WOOL.

A few Bags *choice* COTTON,
Some of a very *ſuperior* Quality,
TO BE SOLD BY
Samuel Elliot, Jun.
At his Store oppoſite the Eaſt End of Faneuil-Hall.

Choice Firkin BUTTER,
to be Sold by ENOCH GREENLEAF, near the Hay-Market, South End.

TO BE SOLD, A few Firkins of
Choice BUTTER,
Inquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE SOLD,
For the Sterling Coſt and Charges,
At the Painter's Arms in Queen-Street,
Two ſmall Invoices of Engliſh GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon, juſt arriv'd in the Captains Calef and Hall.——ALSO,
Three fine Carpets, one Turkey, the other Perſian.

A few Hogſheads and Barrels of the fineſt JAMAICA SUGARS perhaps ever brought to this Market, to be ſold at WILLIAM DENNIE's Store in King-Street, Boſton.

Juſt Imported and to be ſold at Store No. 15 on Town Dock.
Barr Iron, new Philadelphia FLOUR, fine and common, a few half Barrels of double Bolted. ALSO TO BE LETT,
A Houſe, and well-accuſtomed Bake-houſe now in the Occupation of Edward Edes, fronting two Streets, the Latin and Writing School-ſtreets, with a Barn, and large Conveniences for carrying on ſaid Buſineſs. Enquire at the above Store.

TO BE LETT,
A very convenient Dwelling Houſe which ſtands pleaſantly ſituated at the South End, near LIBERTY-TREE, having a large paved Yard, a choice Well of Water, a very good Cellar, and a Garden Spot, and is in good Repair, ſuitable for one or two Families: Enquire of the Printers, or of David Colſon, living near the Premiſes.

All Perſons that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Joſeph Coolidge, late of Boſton, Gunſmith, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Margaret Coolidge, Adminiſtratrix. And thoſe that are indebted, are deſired to make immediate Payment. Thoſe Perſons that left Guns in the Hands of the deceaſed, are deſired to call for the ſame. To be ſold by ſaid Adminiſtratrix, the Deceaſed's whole Stock, amongſt which are a Number of choice Guns, and a compleat Set of Gunſmith's Tools.

By Order of the Superior Court,
THIS is to give Notice to the Heirs of William Douglas, Habijah Savage, John Bining and Andrew Tyler, all late of Boſton, in the County of Suffolk, deceaſed, That Joſeph Tyler, of ſaid Boſton, Merchant, has petition'd the ſaid Court, ſhewing that he is the Owner of two ſixth Parts, undivided, of a Tract of Land in the Townſhip of Douglas, in the County of Worceſter, ſuppoſed to contain one Thouſand nine Hundred Acres, more or leſs, and bounded as in ſaid Petition, that the Reſidue of ſaid Tract is owned by ſaid Heirs in Proportion to the Petitioner unknown, and has thereupon prayed ſaid Court to cauſe Partition to be made of the ſame Tract, and his two ſixth Parts thereof to be ſet off to him to hold in ſeverally.—That ſaid Petition will be conſidered and acted upon at the Superior Court to be held at Boſton aforeſaid, by Adjournment, on the third Tueſday of November next, when the ſaid Heirs, or any of them, may be heard touching the ſame, if they ſee meet. Octob. 25, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subſcribers are appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Middleſex, Guardians to John Deland, of Charleſtown, Butcher, who is rendered non-compos—We therefore forbid all Perſons trading with him, as they may expect to anſwer the ſame at the Peril of the Law—All Perſons who have any Demands on, or are indebted to ſaid Deland, are deſired to ſettle their Accounts forthwith, with Thomas Wood, Stephen Miller, } Guardians.
Charleſtown, October 21, 1771.

BY order of the honorable Metcalf Bowler, Eſq; one of the Aſſiſtant Juſtices of the Superiour Court of Judicature in and thro'out the colony of Rhode-Iſland, &c. to me directed, the creditors of Napthali Hart, and Iſaac Hart, of Newport, in the county of Newport, merchants in company, and to each of them in his private character, are hereby advertiſed that the ſame Napthali Hart and Iſaac Hart, have preferred their petition to the ſaid Juſtice, praying the benefit of the law for the relief of inſolvent debtors, & leave to ſurrender all their eſtates both real and perſonal for the uſe of their creditors, and have thereto annexed an inventory of their eſtates, together with a liſt of their debts and to whom due, and have have taken the oaths by law preſcribed, as well in company as each for himſelf in his private capacity, all which is filed of record. And the ſaid creditors are hereby notified to appear by themſelves or attornies, before the Juſtices of the ſaid court at the colony-houſe in Newport, on the ſeventh day of January next, there to aſcertain their demands, and nominate and appoint Commiſſioners or Aſſignees, or otherwiſe ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why the prayer of ſaid petition ſhould not be granted.
Newport, Octob. 9, 1771. JOHN GRELEA, jun. Clerk.

BY Order of the honorable Metcalf Bowler, Eſq; one of the Aſſiſtant Juſtices of the Superior Court of Judicature, in and throughout the Colony of Rhode-Iſland, to me directed, the Creditors of Eliſha Allen, of Middletown, in the County of Newport, Labourer, are hereby advertiſed that the ſame Eliſha Allen hath preferred his Petition to the ſaid Juſtice, praying the Benefit of the Law for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, and leave to ſurrender all his Eſtate both Real and Perſonal, for the Uſe of his Creditors, and hath thereto annexed an Inventory of his Eſtate, together with a liſt of his Debts, and to whom due, and hath taken the Oaths by Law preſcribed, all which is filed of Record: And the ſaid Creditors are hereby notified to appear by themſelves or their Attornies, before the Juſtices of ſaid Court, at the Colony Houſe in Newport, on the 7th Day of January next, there to aſcertain their Demands, and nominate and appoint Commiſſioners or Aſſignees, or otherwiſe ſhew Cauſe, if any they have, why the Prayer of ſaid Petition ſhould not be granted.
JOHN GRELEA, Jun. Clerk.
Newport, October 9 A. D. 1771.

Boſton, Printed, by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street*, 1771.